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HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JULY 4, 1918.

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Applicants will be required to produce
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£23,970,367.
I—Authorized Capital £8,000,000
Paid-up Capital £2,427,506
II—Fire Funds..... 3,637,047
Life & Annuity Funds..... 17,587,590
Sinking Fund Account..... 123,230
£23,970,367
Revenue Fire Branch..... £2,381,456
Life and Annuity..... 2,141,593
Revenue Marine Department..... 537,239
Other Receipts..... 473,940
£5,533,228

The Accumulative Funds of the various
Branches are separately invested, and, by
Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet
the claims under the respective Depart-
ments of the Company's Business.
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LIMITED.
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8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
3.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
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8.50 p.m. and 9 p.m. 9.30 p.m. to 11.00
p.m. every half hour.
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of
an hour.
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7.30 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.30 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.00 noon Every 15 minutes.
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
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2.00 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
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"CHINA MAIL" OFFICE.

THE WAR.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

(Reuters Service to the China Mail.)

THE BATTLE IN ITALY.
ITALIANS CAPTURE COL-DEL-ROSSO AND COL-DEL-CHELE.

ENEMY MASSES MOWN DOWN.
London, July 1.
An Italian official message states:
We attacked on Sunday and captured Col-del-Rosso; also after a bitter struggle throughout the day we captured Col-del-Chele.
The enemy's two attacks against Monte Valbella were completely arrested.
Enemy masses were mown down by our artillery fire.
The enemy's losses on June 29th and 30th were exceptionally heavy. Eighty-eight officers and 1,925 men were taken prisoners.
Our losses were very slight.
We repulsed attacks in the Zogna region.

THE AUSTRIAN REPORT.
London, July 1.
A wireless Austrian official report states:
We withdrew from Col-del-Rosso and Monte Valbella to our former position in the Stenile Wood.

THE COMING BLOW.
NEXT THREE MONTHS CRITICAL.
ALLIED PIN PRICKS.

London, July 2.
Affairs north of Albert and south of Meslay are regarded as important as indicating a more provocative spirit on the part of the Allies since the Germans failed to break through the Oise and Marne front. That their persistent and successful policy of pin pricks have failed to provoke a resumption of the German attack shows that the delay of the latter is imposed by necessity.
This is probably due to the difficulty of concentrating material on ground far in advance of the railways, but there is no doubt that the Austrian defeat and the political chaos in the Dual Monarchy have disorganised the German schemes. Hence the coming blow is awaited with confidence, though it is recognised that the next three months will be critical.

THE WESTERN FRONT.
BRITISH CAPTURES IN JUNE.

London, July 1.
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:
We made a successful local operation at night to the north-west of Albert.
We captured over 50 prisoners and fine machine-guns.
We also rushed a post to the south of Morlaucourt.
During June we captured 1,957 prisoners, including 80 officers.

GERMAN WAR AGAINST HOSPITAL SHIPS.

COMMENT ON GERMAN PROBITY AND CHIVALRY.

London, July 2.
The newspapers commenting on the sinking of the *Llandovery Castle* as establishing that the sinking of hospital ships is a deliberate German policy beyond all doubt, ask what is the use of German statesmen appealing, like Herr von Kuehlmann, to be credited with probity and chivalry when crimes so infamous continue to be carried out by Government order.
They point out that the added element of horror in the latest atrocity is the repeated attempt of the submarine commander to justify himself by accusations against his victim, and his wild and furious shooting among the wreckage in an apparent attempt to sink the ship without trace.

GOVERNMENT'S MAN-POWER SCHEME CRITICISED.

THE COMPLAINT OF THE AGRICULTURISTS.

RESOLUTE STAND BY COMMONS.

London, July 2.
In the House of Commons, Mr. W. E. Rock (Liberal M.P. for Penobscot) moved the adjournment in order to call attention to the serious effect of combining agricultural labourers on the harvest, and he said that he had been inundated with letters from farmers bewailing the probable disastrous effects of the Government's action and threatening to turn the cattle into the harvest field unless they got labour. Mr. Rock said the Agricultural Executive Committees were not willing parties to the culling up of 80,000 labourers for which Sir Auckland Geddes was solely responsible.

Mr. R. E. Prothero (President of the Board of Agriculture) sympathised with the complaint, but emphasised the over-mastering need of men for the Army. Man-power was short all round, but essential industries must yield a proportion of man-power for the Army. Men taken now would be in the fighting line by the end of September, which would possibly be a critical moment. The Government recognised that the need of men overpowered every consideration, even that of food. What they were asking the men on the land was nothing compared with what they were asking the men at the front. He admitted that farmers cannot spare men, but he found every farmer's deputation willing to release men on the score of patriotism, because they had the imagination to realize what was going on on the Western Front. He could not say that the harvest would be saved, for all these 80,000 men were skilled. Many of them were keen men without whom unskilled masses of labour were unmanageable, but he believed that not much harvest would be lost. Only absolute need of men would induce the Government to take the step. He hoped that the agriculturists would meet the situation with the same cheerful courage and patriotism as they had met their previous difficulties.

Several members criticized the sending of men to the front after short training.

Mr. Bonar Law said the Government recognised that men and boys were handicapped in having to fight after such a short training, but we throughout the war had been handicapped by the necessity of creating an Army from small foundations. He recognised the hardship of the farmers, but the question was whether the Government's action was in the National interest. The 80,000 men who were wanted represented a force necessary to supply three to four fighting Divisions. When it was realized that the whole aim of German strategy of this year was to wear out our reserves it must be realized that the Government's first duty was to secure our not being defeated in this campaign and our not suffering in anything that we may do next year. The difficulties of man-power were becoming monthly greater. It was impossible to decide such difficulties by a discussion in the House of Commons, which must give the Government a blank cheque.

The motion was negatived.
(Continued on Page 43)

INTIMATIONS

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

JUNKET

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COULOMMIER CHEESE.
COTTAGE CHEESE.
 Nourishing and ideal food
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 Why can't we have
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 "I don't care"
 All the Silver from
 the Silvery Moon
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 "Come Fra' Scotland"
 "Jean loves all the
 Jockies"
 "All the Ladies fell
 in Love with Sandy"
 "Take me where there
 are no Eyes about"
 "Let's all go Mad"

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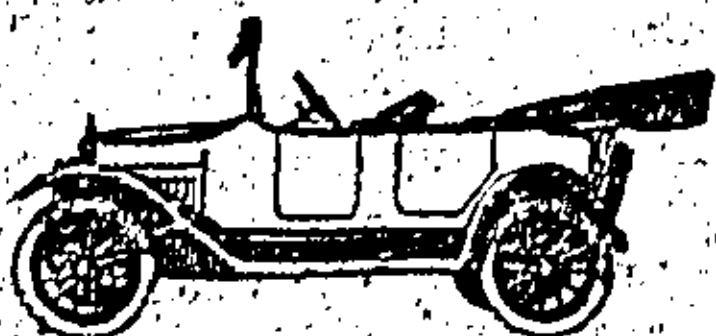
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Hongkong, March 20, 1914

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THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

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THERAPION NO. 10

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THE
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 OF
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STOCKED BY ALL
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This advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co. Ltd.

ENEMY SPITE ON RHEUMS.

ARCHBISHOP ON THE SHELLING
 OF THE CATHEDRAL.

PARIS, April 14.

Cardinal Lucien, the aged Archbishop of Rheims, is now occupying a Benedictine cell in Paris, having been forced by the military authorities to depart from his beloved cathedral city with his last remaining civilian inhabitants.

Interviewed in his cell, the Cardinal said: "I do not want to be a refugee. I did everything I could to remain in my beloved city on several occasions, but the military authorities insisted on my leaving. I am only here because I was forced to come away."

"The cathedral," said Cardinal Lucien, "is gravely mutilated. But it can still be repaired. We have casts of nearly all the shattered statues and colored sketches of the marvellous stained glass windows, which will permit them to be replaced. The cost will be immense—two, three, or four millions sterling perhaps."

But the cathedral must one day be completely restored. The Germans must not be permitted to mock us and boast of their destruction of one of the wonders of the world. The cathedral must be 'avenged' by saving it. For this vengeance I have already received offers of munitions assistance, not only from France but from England and America."

"Why were the Germans so fiercely persistent in bombarding Rheims?" asked the Cardinal. "The answer is simple. Whenever the Germans wanted vengeance for a military defeat they bombarded Rheims. Whenever anything of conspicuous importance occurred in France they bombarded us out of spite."

"On Monday," concluded the Cardinal, "I shall no longer be a refugee. For I am returning to my diocese, and shall reside in a little village near Epervier, where I shall perhaps be able occasionally to visit my beloved cathedral between bombardments."

MEN OVER 47.

SIR D. MACLEAN'S STRONG
 REQUEST TO THE GOVERNMENT.

It is to be hoped that the Government will as speedily as possible announce the procedure in using the new class available for military service, said Sir D. Maclean, at the House of Commons-Tribunal recently.

"Two things, at any rate, can be said now," he continued. "(1) A man need do nothing until he has a notice calling him for medical examination; and (2) it is for medical examination only that a man is intended to call up for military service this year any man who is in Grade III, unless he possesses exceptional qualifications urgently needed."

"In view of the great disturbance in business and all activities of national importance, I strongly urge the Government to state at once that they will not unless a vital national crisis arises, such as to require a levy of men, as contemplated in Section 9, call up any man above that age who can be of any military value, and the relief and benefit to business of a clear-cut understanding of this kind would be incalculable."

Germany, he added, had disbanded and would not call up in future any men of 47 and upwards.

FREIGHTS AND THE EXPORT
 TRADE.

The following is extracted from the *Manchuria Daily News* (published by Japanese at Dairen):

The issue of the Shipping Restriction Act in October last year has effectively checked further abnormal flight on the freight market, which however, steadily improved towards the end of February past. In March, when Japan's export trade was brisker each year, the drain of 150,000 tons of vessels America way, followed close in its wake by reports of the extension of the U. S. embargo list, caused the intending shippers to be extremely anxious to secure booking spaces on board steamers as early as possible, and consequently big accumulations of goods became congested at all ports of export, buoying up the freight market. In April and May, the congestion became so aggravated that the shippers almost despaired of shipping their goods in time.

In the usual run of things, the 'Summer' depression in the foreign trade ought to show itself by now, but there is no such sign. The freight market is inclined upwards on all lines and threatens to go up further under the influence of the high charterages obtaining. As reported in these columns on June 7th, the Kureha Mining Co. created a new record on the charter market by offering ¥47.50 for the s.s. *Yakusai Maru*, 8,000 tons d.w., for east of Port Said for one year.

The advance of freight, coupled with the rise on the charter market, has dealt a serious blow to the exporters. Such bulky and cheaper-priced exports as bamboo work, glassware, matches, bean oil, kitchen utensils, etc., have been rendered practically non-exportable at the prevailing rates. The following table shows the comparison between the freight on the leading services in April and June per ton for general merchandise:

	In April	In June
Services	45 shillings	90 shillings
European	200	250
New York	200	250
Seattle	43 dollars	48 dollars
Australian	180 shillings	250 shillings
Bombay	50 yen	80 yen
Calcutta	52	80

The Man Who
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Is the man who has blood—
 real rich red blood, and
 plenty of it—in his body.
**WATERBURY'S
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 makes blood—lots of it—life-
 giving, brain, nourishing,
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OF ALL CHEMISTS

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LEFT-HANDEDNESS.

Four per cent. of all human beings are born left-handed, according to Prof. W. Franklin Jones, who has investigated about 10,000 subjects. "It is usual to try to educate a naturally left-handed child to use its right hand, and in most cases this results only in making it more or less ambidextrous. Left-handedness is not in any way a defect. It means merely that the right hemisphere of the brain is more highly developed than the left. If a child grows to school age with a strong tendency to be left-handed it is a great mistake to try to make it change. One frequent result of such efforts is to make the child a stutterer. It always wastes his time, is never really successful, and often the net result is an awkward cripple."

A left-handed child should be taught to acquire enough skill with his right hand to prevent him from being seriously handicapped by the fact that the world has adopted a right-handed mode of doing most of its tasks, that is, many tools and implements designed for right-handed people, that custom requires him to shake hands with his right hand, that servants bring food to his left side, so that he may help himself with his right hand, &c., in the words of the *Scientific American*:

Prof. Jones has devised a little instrument which will tell whether a baby is right or left handed. It is based upon his discovery that the favoured arm, from the point of the elbow to the first joint of the little finger, is always longer than the other. When one has ascertained which arm is thus favoured by length, it is wisest and kindest to use that arm and hand.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO" HONGKONG.

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Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, &c., &c.)

THE DIMENSIONS OF DOCKS AND SLIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS:					
NAME OF DOCK OR SLIP	LENGTH ON KEEL BLAUGHT	ENTRANCE BREADTH	DEPTH OVER ALL AT SPRING TIDE	RISE OF TIDE AT SPRING TIDE	RISE OF TIDE AT NEAPS
A. VULCAN					
No. 1 Dock, Kowloon	700	50' top 10' bottom	5'	7'	3'
No. 17 Dock, Kowloon	371	25'	5'	7'	3'
No. 13 Dock, Kowloon	224	25'	5'	7'	3'
Patent Slip, No. 1, Kowloon	280	25'	5'	7'	3'
Patent Slip, No. 2, Kowloon	257	25'	5'	7'	3'
TAKOKE TSUI					
Commonwealth Dock	445' 0"	50' 0"	5'	7'	3'
ABERDEEN					
Hope Dock, Lanest Dock	600	54'	5'	7'	3'

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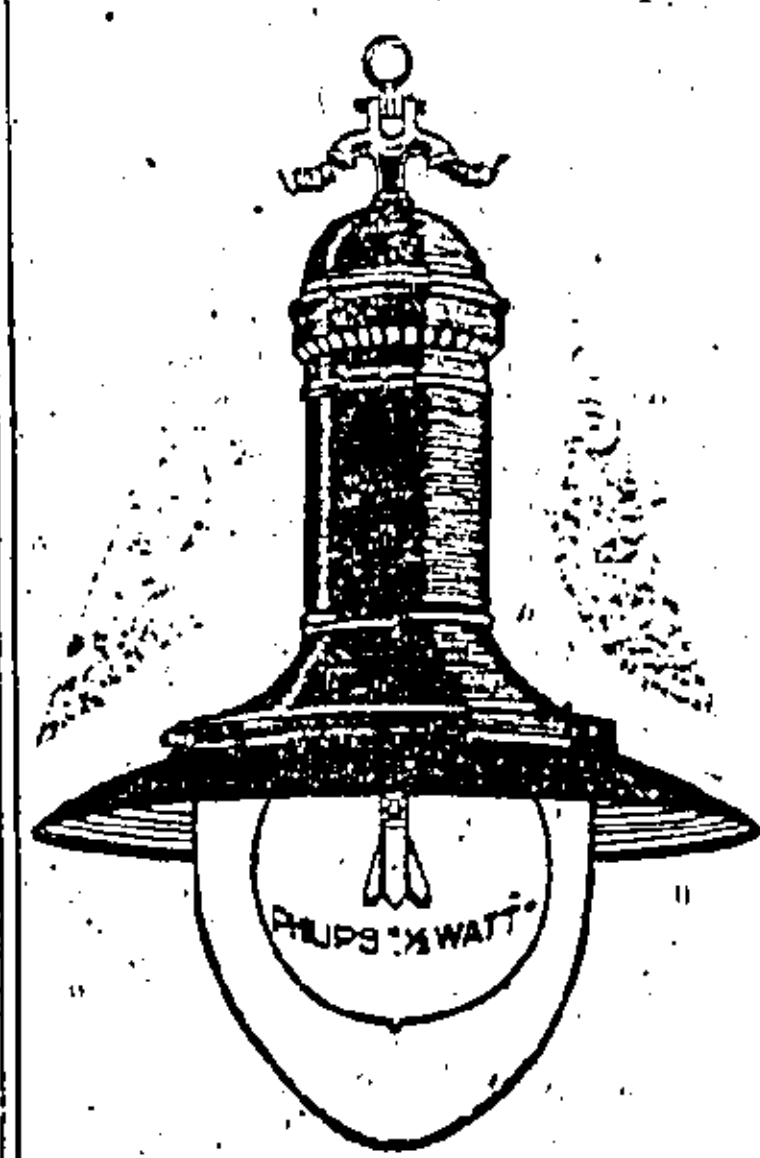
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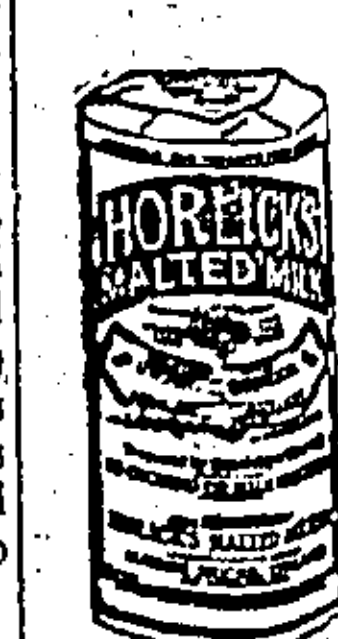
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TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

DUTCH CONVOY TO DUTCH EAST INDIES.

RIGHT OF NEUTRALS QUESTIONED.

THE HAGUE, July 3.

The Foreign Ministry in a statement regarding the decision to send a Dutch convoy to the Dutch Indies says Holland at the end of April offered to guarantee that the military interests of the belligerents would not be affected. Great Britain replied that she (Great Britain) never recognised conveying as a right of neutrals, but as a tangible proof of British friendship for Holland, Great Britain would not put difficulties in the way of the convoy if certain conditions were fulfilled. Holland replied that the conditions practically accorded with the Dutch guarantees.

A list of the cargoes of the convoy was supplied to the belligerents and the departure of the convoy was arranged for 19th. Great Britain, on June 18th, objected that although it was understood that no goods of German origin would be carried the steamer *Nordland* contained dyestuffs of purely German origin.

PRISONERS OF WAR CONFERENCE.

SIR GEORGE CAVE RECALLED.

THE HAGUE, July 2.

Sir George Cave, one of the British representatives at the Prisoners of War Conference, has left suddenly for England. It is understood that Mr. Lloyd George summoned him as his presence is required in connection with important Parliamentary matters.

Lord Newton and General Belfield will continue the negotiations for the exchange of prisoners.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE "LLANDOVERY CASTLE."

A STORY OF NAKED SAVAGERY.

GERMANY'S AWFUL DEBT TO THE WORLD.

LONDON, July 1.

The Press Bureau states:—Germany's awful debt to the world continues to grow. Another hospital ship has been torpedoed, this time 170 miles from the nearest land and here people were turned adrift in boats to sink or swim and, as it happened, she was a Canadian hospital ship returning from Halifax with no wounded aboard, the tale of the crime reveals wanton deliberation on the part of the submarine commander almost suggesting that he hoped to find her full of injured and helpless men.

The *Llandovery Castle* was chartered by the Canadian Government to convey sick and wounded from England to Halifax. There were eighty members of the Medical Corps aboard, including seven officers. The *Llandovery Castle* was steaming at fourteen knots with the usual navigation and regulation hospital ship lights and under an overcast sky. She was plainly visible, and unmistakable for anything but what she was, a ship immune by every law of war and peace from attack or molestation.

TORPEDO WAKE NOT SEEN.

No one aboard saw the wake of the torpedo. The first intimation of the submarine was the jar and roar of an explosion from aft, then the lights went out. Everything thereafter, except for the dim light from the emergency dynamo, just before the ship foundered, occurred in darkness. The engines were immediately rung to "Stop," then to "Full speed ahead," but from the engine-room there came no answer. The ship's rehearsal routine however held good, for with the Germans one must be prepared for every emergency. Along the darkened decks the crew groped to their boat stations and stood by for orders to leave. The captain manoeuvred from the bridge to hold on till the way was off the ship. The carpenter was examining the damage and the Marconi operator was in his cabin vainly striving to transmit the ship's position, but the key gave no response for the spark had gone. The carpenter reported No. 4 hold at blown in and the ship could not remain afloat, so the order was given to lower the boats on both sides and abandon the ship.

The officer commanding the Canadian Army Medical Corps reported all his people out. This important, inasmuch as only the Captain's boat was seen picked up. Save for any of the ship's company or engine room crew who were killed by the torpedo explosion, it is clear that everyone got away. The Captain went to his cabin for an electric torch and returned on deck and found that the "accident boat" which was held back for those last to leave the ship, had gone. The second officer lowered a lifeboat and those who were still aboard entered by a life line which

was a two-inch rope hanging alongside the ship's side. They pushed off and got clear, just in time to avoid being sucked under as the *Llandovery Castle's* stern went down, leaving her long bows erect. One boiler seemed to be blown up as the water reached it and the funnel leaned on its side as she slowly listed to starboard, tore loose and fell away, then, stern first, she slid under and disappeared.

SUBMARINE COMMANDER'S FIENDISH CONDUCT.

The vessel sank in not more than ten minutes from the time of the explosion of the torpedo. Huge quantities of wreckage were floating on the quiet sea and rafts and gratings on which hawseers had been coiled. Among them were foundering and shouting and one was walking about on a grating. The Captain's boat picked up eleven from the wreckage, then proceeded towards a voice calling for help from the water. In the dark they heard simultaneously two others calling from elsewhere. It was then that there appeared from the night, crawling through the floating debris, a long black shape. A submarine coming tower opened and figures were vaguely seen along the decks. The submarine hailed the boat in English and ordered it to "Come alongside." The boat was pulling to pick up a man from the water. "Come alongside," repeated a brusque voice from the submarine. The boat held on its way and forthwith two revolver shots were fired at and over it. "Come alongside or I shoot my big gun," shouted the commander.

SUBMARINE FIRES TWELVE SHELLS.

The boat pulled to the submarine and the Captain, under orders, went aboard, and the commander asked sharply, "What ship was that?" "It is the hospital ship *Llandovery Castle*," replied the captain. The submarine commander did not appear surprised but said: "But you are carrying eight American flying officers." "We are not," replied the Captain. "We have seven Canadian medical officers aboard and the ship was chartered by the Canadian Government to carry sick and wounded Canadians from England to Canada." Replying to the commander's reiterated statement "You've been carrying American flyers," the Captain said, "I have been running for six months to Canada with wounded and give my word of honour that I only carried patients, medicals, sisters and crew." The commander then demanded to know if any Canadian medical men were in the boat and ordered one aboard. The Captain asked "Where are our other boats?" The commander did not answer; he was watching the Canadian medical officer who was being roughly hauled aboard and thrust along the deck, this being done so violently and with such plain intention to cause injury that the Canadian medical officer, Major Lyon, had a small bone in his foot broken. Another German officer in the counting tower motioned over his shoulder with field glasses in a northerly direction. Major Lyon was interrogated and, after protesting his character as a medical officer, was ordered back to the boat. The Captain was also allowed to go and the submarine began to circle round the wreckage and narrowly avoiding the boat, she stopped it again and took the second and fourth officers and questioned them. This time the commander invented a new excuse. He stated that there was a big explosion aft as the vessel sank; therefore the vessel must have been carrying munitions. The second officer explained that it was the explosion of the boiler and the falling of the funnel. They were then allowed to return to the boat which made sail and proceeded. The submarine again circled, apparently stopped and began firing at an unseen target, firing shells. The unseen target may have been the other boats which, if picked up, can furnish evidence on this point.

The Captain meanwhile, realising the hopelessness of assistance from the north, as no wireless had been sent out decided to make for the Irish coast and send help to the others. After sailing and pulling for seventy miles the boat was picked up by the destroyer *Lynander* which wireless for a search for the other survivors and took the occupants of the Captain's boat to Queenstown.

"LEAVE NO TRACE."

RESCUER'S STORY.

LONDON, July 2.

The Commander of the destroyer *Lynander*, interviewed, stated that the survivors of the *Llandovery Castle*, when picked up, had been drifting 36 hours. The Commander emphasised that it was another instance of sinking at night and furthermore, it was unquestionably intended that the Hun policy of "Leave no trace" should be carried out in its entirety.

When last seen the submarine was apparently shelling some of the seven boats which were launched. One boat containing twelve Sisters was seen to capsize and the Sisters were thrown out and pinned underneath the boat. The Canadian aspect of this boat managed to scramble upon the keel. Nothing has been seen of the remaining five boats. The Commander believed they were not improbably destroyed by shellfire; any wreckage on which survivors were clinging and in the locality where the lifeboats were believed to be drifting. It is thought the submarine intended to sink a boat in which survivors were huddled owing to the way the submarine apparently tried to swamp it in her backwash.

Instantly the family of the submarine captain, the *Lynander's* Commander said that the Canadian aspect when he struggled on to the keel of the torpedoed boat was "apparently" saved.

and also badly bruised, yet when the boat drifted alongside the submarine and the Canadian evidently thinking it was a rescue ship scrambled aboard, the submarine officer picked up the Canadian and flung him back into the sea.

"We have since been cruising in the neighbourhood of the torpedoed vessel," said the *Lynander's* Commander, but not a single piece of wreckage has been seen.

THE ITALIAN FRONT.

SITUATION COMPLETELY RESTORED.

LONDON, July 2.

An Italian semi-official message states:—The recapture of Valsella, Col-de-Prose and Col-de-Chele has wrested from the Austrians in the east their moderate gains on Asiago Plateau. The first day's offensive completely restored the situation prior to the great attack. These positions have been constantly contested throughout the war because they constitute an advanced flank for the Italians and a jumping-off ground for the Austrians wishing to scale the Italian positions.

The victory was due to the perfect co-operation of artillery and infantry, reducing the Italian losses to a minimum, whereas the four enemy divisions engaged suffered exceptionally heavy losses.

THE CZECHO-SLOVAK NATIONS.

CLAIMS RECOGNISED BY FRANCE.

PARIS, July 1.

M. Pichon has sent a letter to the Secretary of the National Czech Council as follows:—

"Faithful to the principles of respect for nationalities and the liberation of oppressed peoples the French Government considers the claims of the Czech-Slovak nations well-founded and will employ all the means at its disposal to uphold their aspirations for independence in their historic limits. Their provinces will be liberated at length from the yoke of the Austro-Hungarian oppressor."

M. Pichon declares that the French Government recognises the Czech-Slovak National Council as the first step towards the future Czech-Slovak Government.

M. Pichon, speaking in the name of the French Republic, concludes by hoping that the Czech-Slovak State will speedily become, through the common efforts of all the Allies and in close union with Poland and the Yugoslav State, an insurmountable barrier to Austro-Hungarian aggression and a factor for peace in reconstituted Europe.

MR. BALFOUR'S ENDORSEMENT.

LONDON, July 2.

M. Pichon has sent a letter to Mr. Balfour in terms similar to his communication to the Secretary of the National Czech Council.

Mr. Balfour replied fully associating His Majesty's Government with the sentiments of the French Government. He emphasised that the participation in the fighting ranks of Czech-Slovaks had far-reaching political significance. It represented a stage in the great struggle for the freedom and security of small nations in whose cause all the Allies are deeply concerned.

THE LABOUR PARTY TRUCE.

NO ACTION TO BE TAKEN.

LONDON, July 2.

Eight of the Labour Ministers had a further meeting yesterday and it was understood they decided that it was not necessary to take action in consequence of the Labour Conference's resolution terminating the party truce.

GERMANS IN CHINA.

NOT AN INDEPENDENT QUESTION.

LONDON, July 2.

The *Daily Chronicle* Correspondent at The Hague says that one reason for the return of the German War Prisoner Delegation to Berlin was to consult the Government regarding the deportation of Germans from China.

It appears that Herr von Kuehlmann's statement in the Reichstag that the matter was satisfactorily settled is incorrect. The question is part of the problems which the Conference has to settle as a whole. The Germans have apparently determined to have a comprehensive agreement or none at all, and they are particularly anxious to secure the return of all colonial prisoners.

AMERICAN TELEPHONES AND TELEGRAPHS.

GOVERNMENT CONTROL TO BE AUTHORISED.

WASHINGTON, July 2.

A resolution has been introduced in the House of Representatives authorizing Government control of telephones and telegraphs.

It is understood this action has been taken to prevent the threatened strike of the employees of one of the great telegraph systems.

AMERICAN MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.

AN ADDITIONAL \$927,000,000.

WASHINGTON, July 2.

The Appropriations Committee has favourably reported to the House of Representatives the new Army Appropriation Bill carrying \$927,000,000 additional for military establishment.

FRUITLESS AIR-RAID ON PARIS.

PARIS, July 1.

An official report states:—The alarm was given at 11.55 last night and the "all clear" at 12.30. Fire was opened on the approaching aeroplanes, which did not crash. Bombs were dropped on the outer suburbs. The "all clear" was sounded at 2.20.

An official message says:—Enemy aeroplanes attempted to attack Paris at 12.24 in the morning. The "all clear" was given at 12.59. Nothing is reported.

BATTLE IN THE AIR.

AIR MINISTRY'S REPORT.

LONDON, July 2.

The Air Ministry says:—In addition to the attacks reported, on the night of the 29th, bombed the chemical works of Mannheim. One machine reported missing on the 30th has returned.

On the night of June 30th we attacked the aerodrome at Boulay, railway works and stations at Thionville, Remilly, Landau, Zweibrücken, and Saarbrücken, also the works at Mannheim. On Monday we bombed with good effect, railways and workshops at Karlsruhe, the station at Treves and the railway triangle at Metz and shot down one hostile machine. Two of our machines are missing.

SUCCESSFUL AERIAL OPERATIONS.

LONDON, July 1.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, reporting on aviation, says:—We had a most successful day on June 30. We shot down 25 aeroplanes and drove down 10 out of control. A large number of reconnaissances were carried out and enabled our artillery to engage a greater number of hostile batteries than on any day of the last fortnight.

We dropped 294 tons of bombs during the day and 17 tons during the night. Of the latter seven tons fell with good effect on railway connections at Tournai. Two of our machines are missing.

APPALLING STATE OF AFFAIRS.

TWO MILLION ARMENIANS THREATENED WITH MASSACRE.

LONDON, July 1.

Reuter learns that a pathetic appeal on behalf of the "armenians" was made to the British Labour Conference. The appeal reveals an appalling state of affairs. It says: "None of the fearful horrors perpetrated in the various war zones compare with the tragic lot of the Armenians."

It is pointed out that the Turks since the beginning of the war have committed unprecedented atrocities in Turkish Armenia, where they have massacred about a million persons, while two million Armenians in Russian Armenia are now threatened with a similar fate. Democracy is asked to assist to save this small ancient people from complete extermination.

THE SACKED U.S. HOSPITAL AT TABRIZ.

WASHINGTON, July 2.

The United States has formally requested Turkey to give an explanation of the report that Turkish troops sacked the American Hospital at Tabriz and seized the Consulate there.

LORD RHONDDA ON GERMANY'S FOOD CRISIS.

LONDON, July 2.

Lord Rhondda's opinion is that victory is now in Germany the synonym for bread.

As Food Controller he has naturally been watching with very special interest events on the Western front. He has often insisted that food is the central factor of the war. "The evidence grows in significance and in volume that Germany and her allies, notably Austria, are feeling the pinch," he said recently in an interview. "The cumulative effect of food shortage is serious. A hundred daily irritations and inconveniences good and impair the moral of the people. Deterioration, once the process begins, comes to the point when it is accelerated. Decay sets in. Looking at the situation with all reserve, I feel that the German Food Controller, 'General Shortage,' as a cynic has called him, is really the force behind Hindenburg and Ludendorff, engaging them on so closely as civilians bound up with military interests at this stage of the war."

EVENTS AT HOME.

As to events at home, said Lord Rhondda, he could not speak too highly of the good will and good temper the people had shown under the difficulties and irritations attendant upon food supplies and distribution prior to the introduction of rationing. And now all had combined to accept with cheerfulness the restrictions which it had been his duty to impose in the national interests. A vast and efficient organisation had been built up, and in some important respects exceeded the Germans in a sphere thought to be their special province. Rationing meant fairly, each having a share, and no more than his share, at the common table. America was at one with us, and he could never speak too warmly of the help she gave us so generously in the matter of food supplies.

CAUSES AND CURE FOR DIARRHOEA.

OVEREATING, change to the temperature, and fruit and impure water are some of the causes of diarrhoea. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cures these troubles promptly. For sale by all druggists and chemists.

SINGLE WOMEN AFTER THE WAR.

The war will leave behind it a greatly increased proportion of single women whose work of various kinds will be of greatly increased importance to their country. What ought to be done to improve their working powers? And what return will their country owe them?

Their powers will be improved by fuller training, fuller responsibilities, better prospects and better nourishment for body and mind, says Clementina Black. Women are, on the whole, Black, and adaptable creatures; but capable of a miraculously superior to they are to be, and must not for their brothers' sakes, after a three weeks' training course, to perform with weeks' training course, to perform with adequate efficiency the work standing by a clerk of three years' experience. They must, to begin with, be as well trained men have been. Even so, their powers will probably not equal those of men unless they are sufficiently well paid to be set free, as men are, from the burden of cooking their meals, making and washing their clothes and clearing their rooms, as well as men can be as well fed as men and have money to spend their leisure as enjoyably. If, in all these respects, women are merely treated their powers of work will suffer.

Ornamental or useful? Nor must it be expected of them that they should be pleasing ornaments as well as efficient workers. Employers who want their offices decorated must not complain if they get inefficient work, and employers who want efficient workers must not complain if such workers fail to prove decorative. Again, if women are to work as well as men, they must have the same prospects. There are rumours that in some departments of the Civil Service women are deliberately kept in subordinate positions and prevented from doing responsible work. It is clear that if or where such a system prevails the country loses the best services that women can give; and that any superior who imposed or encouraged it would be in fact engaged in defrauding their country.

And what return will the country owe to the women upon whose labors it will so largely depend? In answering the former question I have, it appears, also answered this: The country will owe them, on moral and equitable grounds, those very advantages which will make them valuable as workers: training, the absence of demands that are not made upon employed men, opportunity of rising to the highest place and sufficient payment to allow for leisure, recreation and mental development.

THE CARES OF THE UNMARRIED.

It must be remembered that the family responsibilities of unmarried women will be increased: there will be fewer sons to help in supporting aged parents; more orphaned nieces and nephews; hundreds of hundreds of partially or wholly invalid relatives. In one sense these ties will help to compensate for the lack of husband or child; hardly any spinster will feel her love and care unneeded. But they will also be heavy financial facts that should be remembered whenever the wages of women are debated.

For the actual circumstance of being unmarried, women will—and, indeed, need much less pity than many men seem inclined to bestow upon them. There are few women who would not rather be unmarried than married to anyone but the particular man of their choice. Any suggestions of modified polygamy therefore, such as some ingenious theorists are tempted to be discussing, strike hard-working spinsters as being too absurd to be even offensive.

CINEMATOGRAPH.

"MRS. PLUM'S PUDDING" AT THE HONGKONG THEATRE.

The Hongkong Theatre management is now showing a five-part film entitled "Mrs. Plum's Pudding."

There was a full house yesterday when it was presented for the first time. The piece is not a comic, as the name would suggest, but a comedy in which the principal part is filled by Miss Marie Tempest, the photoplay star. The story is the rapid rise of an American lady at Olyville who made a fortune in oil. How all this came about is amusing to relate. Mrs. Plum (for that is her name) had a small cottage at Olyville and one fine day all trace of the cottage was removed by the oil gushing profusely from the ground. It was then that Mrs. Plum realised that she all along had been sitting on oil. This rapid rise to fortune attracted a shady character in the person of Lord Burlington who tried to win her hand in marriage, and for a time it looked that he loved Mrs. Plum's Pudding (her wealth) rather than Mrs. Plum herself. Eventually it all came right, as all cinema pictures do, and the end shows both in married bliss.

On Saturday a new serial will be shown. It will be duly announced in the columns.

A NAPOLEONIC MAXIM WHICH THE GERMANS IGNORE.

The Germans pride themselves upon the fidelity with which, as they represent, they follow the maxim of Napoleon. Well, we have heard of Napoleon what they have been doing to the people of Northern France, how they continue to deport themselves in Belgium, and how they are bleeding Russia, says a Home Journal.

The maxim for them today, then, is this, uttered by Napoleon in reviewing his past career when the shadows were descending upon him: "My great reputation in Italy was due in part to the fact that I never allowed my army to pillage there!"

BLAZON TYPE NOT NECESSARY.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy needs no glaring headlines to attract the public eye. The simple statement that all chemists sell it is sufficient; as every family knows its value. It has been used for forty years and is just what is needed to cure these troubles promptly. For sale by all druggists and chemists.

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SATURDAY, 6th July

See the new mystery serial

THE STRANGE CASE OF MARY PAGE.

VOLUNTARY WAR WORK.

OFFICIAL GUIDE TO "HOW, WHEN, AND WHERE."

"There's not a hand so weak and white, But it can find some needful job that's waiting to be done."

These lines of Mr. Kipling are quoted as a preface to the Directory of Government Departments and National Organizations, requiring voluntary workers which is being issued by the Ministry of National Service.

It gives the fullest information in the most useful form. Thus a motorist will find on referring to "Ambulance and Motor Driving" full details of the conditions of service with the Volunteer Force, the Red Cross, the Salvation Army, the Women's Emergency Corps, and the Women's Reserve Ambulance.

An aerial post has been established by the Ministry of National Service.

BEQUEST TO JAPANESE GIRLS BY AMERICAN LADY.

The will of Miss Alice Mabel Bacon, daughter of the late Dr. Leonard Woolsey Bacon, died in the Probate Court in New Haven, Connecticut, revealed the fact that Miss Bacon, who was a writer on Japan and the Japanese people, had adopted a Japanese girl as a daughter.

At 24 years ago, a share of her estate is bequeathed to this adopted daughter, Mrs. Matsuo Watanabe Katsuyama, and to Miss Maki Hitotsumagi, her friend. Each is to receive \$200, while Miss Bacon's nephew, Dr. Leonard Woolsey Bacon, of New Haven, is to receive \$100.

Miss Bacon lived in Japan for several years and there formed close friendships with several Japanese families. Part of the residue of the estate is left in trust for Miss Maki for her education and upon her death the remainder is to go to the Hampton School for Nurses, at Hampton, Va., which was founded by Miss Bacon. It is understood that the will and testament of Miss Bacon will be made public.

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SHANGHAI.....	SEYANG.....	July 6, at 5 p.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.....	HUCHOW.....	July 7, Daylight.
SHANGHAI.....	SECKIANG.....	July 8, at Noon.
SHANGHAI.....	SWINGING.....	July 11, at 3 p.m.

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Passengers and Cargo for the above ports.
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Silk and Valuable Cargo for Italy,
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proceeding via Bombay and there
transhipped to the onconcurring steamer
for Marseilles and London.

Parcels will be received at this Office
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For further particulars, sailing dates
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SEANGHAI	TAISANG ..SUNDAY,	July 7, Daylight.
MANILA	LOONGSANG ..FRIDAY,	July 12 at 3 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE.—This line is temporarily discontinued owing to the war, but at present, a weekly service is maintained with Calcutta by the s.s. "Kwaingsang," calling at Singapore and Penang. The former vessel has excellent passenger accommodation, is fitted with Electric Light and Fans, and carries a fully qualified Surgeon.

SINGAPORE LINE.—The s.s. "Van Wauwichee" leaves for Singapore approximately every fortnight. This vessel has excellent accommodation for first class passengers, and is fitted throughout with Electric Light and Fans and also carries a fully qualified Surgeon.

SEANGHAI LINE.—Sailings approximately every five days from Canton and Shanghai. Sometimes calling at Swatow.

Passengers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation and Berths on this line can be obtained for Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai. Through Ber/Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports.

MANILA LINE.—A weekly service maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation; sailings from both ports every Friday.

HAIPOHONG LINE.—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo calling at Hoihow when inducement offers.

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TIENTSIN LINE.—A regular service is run from March to October between Hongkong and Tientsin calling at Weihaiwei and Chefoo.

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NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

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THE Steamship
"SHINYO MARU."
 The above-named Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signatures to take immediate delivery from alongside.

Cargo remaining undelivered on 14th July, 1918, at 3 P.M. will be landed at Consignee's risk and expense, and delivery may then be taken from the Company's Godown.

Storage charges will be assessed on all Cargo remaining undelivered on 8th July, 1918, at 2 P.M.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

No Claim will be recognised after the Goods have left the Steamer or Godown.

All lost and damaged Cargo will be landed into the Company's Godown, where they will be examined on 14th July, 1918, at 12 P.M.

No Claim will be recognised if filed after the 15th July, 1918.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

TO SINGAPORE, MANILA, HONGKONG, JAPAN and HONOLULU
Joint Service of the
"NEDERLAND" and "ROTTERDAM LLOYD" Royal Mail Lines.
Next departures from HONGKONG:

Steamers	Tons	Sails
RINDJANI	8,000	12th July.
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These superior passenger-steamers have excellent accommodation for first and second class saloon passengers.—
For further particulars apply to:

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REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN
CALCUTTA, STRAITS, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI
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The above Steamers have excellent saloon accommodation for passengers and
is fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
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OFFICIAL PASSENGER AGENTS TO
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TICKETS SUPPLIED TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD at Tariff Rates.
LETTERS of CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED, and
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Cook's "FAR EASTERN TRAVELLERS GAZETTE," containing
Sailings and Fares from the Far East to all parts of the World, will
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Also SHANGHAI, PEKING, YOKOHAMA, MANILA.
CHIEF OFFICE: LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON, E.C.

INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN with transhipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN AFRICAN LINE

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE

Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA and STRAITS to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT-ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS en route and affording the Quickest Freight Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

" ELLERMAN " LINE.
(Ellerman & Bucknall Steamship Co. Ltd.)

JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS
TO
UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT

FOR PARTICULARS OF SAILINGS SHIPPERS ARE REQUESTED TO APPROACH THE UNDERSIGNED

Subject to change without notice.

THE BANK LINE, LTD.
General Agents.

By **REISS & Co., Charter.**

OCEAN TRANSPORT CO., LTD.
(TAIYO KAIJUN KAISHA).

Regular Service of Steamers to PACIFIC COAST.
For BATAVIA and SOURABAYA.
 S.S. NICHIEI MARU about end June.
For SEATTLE.
 S.S. TENKAI MARU about 25th July.
 For Space and Particulars apply to:-
DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents

NATAL "LINE OF STEAMERS.

TAKING Cargo on through Bills of Lading to **SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS**
with transhipment at **CALCUTTA**, in conjunction with the
INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
AND APOAR LINE

Sailings from Hongkong.

Steamer from Hongkong	on or about	Connecting at Calcutta with	On or about
A steamer	Shortly	—	—

For freight and further particulars apply to
MODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents.

THE NANYO YUSEN KAISHA
(SOUTH SEA MAIL S. S. CO.)

**Regular Service of Steamers between Japan, Hongkong, Singapore,
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 EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS LONDON

EMERY GLASS BLACK
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JOHN DAVEY & SONS LIMITED, "WILLINGTON MILL," LONDON

HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

Orders for Artillery Company by Capt. J. H. W. Armstrong, Y.D.

PARADES AT BELLEHUE BATTERY.

Friday, 5th July:—
7.00 a.m.—Right Half Coy. Full drill.
5.15 p.m.—Left Half Coy. Full drill.

Orders for Infantry Battalion by Major H. A. Morgan.

PARADES.

"A" Company.

Friday, 5th July:—
5.30 p.m.—Nos. 3 and 4 Platoons on Murray Parade Ground. T.E.T. Dress, drill order with pouches.
No. 1 Platoon will parade during the week for T.E.T. as ordered by Platoon Sergeant.

"B" Company.

Saturday, 6th July:—
Inter-Section Rifle Competition at King's Park Range. Teams of one M.C.O. and six men (as detailed by Platoon Commanders) from each section. Dress, drill order with pouches. Teams to parade outside U.S.R. Club opposite King's Park Range as follows:—
2.45 p.m. Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Sections.
3.15 p.m. Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8 Sections.
3.45 p.m. Nos. 9, 10, 11 and 12 Sections.
4.15 p.m. Nos. 13, 14, 15 and 16 Sections.
MACHINE GUN COMPANY.

Orders for Cadet Company by 2nd Lieut. J. E. W. Beal.

PARADES.

Saturday, 6th July:—
1.30 p.m.—Nos. 3 and 4 Sections fall in at Headquarters to proceed to Sai Wan.

G. E. STEWART,

Adjutant, H.K. Defence Corps.
Hongkong, 28th June, 1918.

NOTICE.

SERGEANTS' VEST.

The quarterly meeting of the members of the Sergeants' Vest will be held at Headquarters at 6.30 p.m. on Monday, 5th July. All members not on duty to attend.

The following will serve on the Committee of the Sergeants' Vest for the quarter ending October 1918:—Company Sergeant-Major Duncan, President, Sergeant-Major Committee, Sergeants, Major and Barrington, members.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

Orders issued by Mr. F. C. Jenkins, D.S.P. (R.).

POLICE SCHOOL.

All members of No. 1 Platoon, Water Police and Mounted Police who have not yet attended for examination will do so on Tuesday, 9th July, at 5.30 p.m. All members of No. 2 Platoon who have not yet attended will do so on Friday, 12th July.

Medical and General Exempts are required to attend.

Those members who have been ordered to attend for oral examination will attend on special dates to be notified, and will not attend the above fixtures.

MEETING.

Company Commanders, Platoon Commanders and Warrant Officers are required to attend at Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Monday, 8th July. Uniform optional.

WEATHER REPORT.

July 4th 1918. 30m.—No telegraphic returns from the majority of stations.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch.

Total since January 1st, 41.65 inches, against an average of 40.83 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon on the 5th July:—

1.—Hongkong to Gap Rock: S.W. winds, moderate; fair.

2.—Formosa Channel: None.

3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamco: None.

4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: None.

OFFICIAL NIGHTS IN JULY.

The following table shows the Standard Time at which Official Night ends and begins during the month of July, 1918:—

Date	Ends	Begins
1st	5.32 a.m.	7.21 p.m.
2nd	5.33	7.21
3rd	5.33	7.21
4th	5.34	7.21
5th	5.34	7.21
6th	5.35	7.21
7th	5.35	7.21
8th	5.36	7.21
9th	5.36	7.21
10th	5.37	7.21
11th	5.37	7.21
12th	5.38	7.21
13th	5.38	7.21
14th	5.39	7.21
15th	5.39	7.21
16th	5.40	7.21
17th	5.40	7.21
18th	5.41	7.21
19th	5.41	7.21
20th	5.42	7.21
21st	5.42	7.21
22nd	5.43	7.21
23rd	5.43	7.21
24th	5.44	7.21
25th	5.44	7.21
26th	5.45	7.21
27th	5.45	7.21
28th	5.46	7.21
29th	5.46	7.21
30th	5.47	7.21

To-day's Advertisements

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

ON

TUESDAY,

the 9th July, 1918, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

AN ASSORTMENT OF

HOUSEHOLD LINENS, &c.

Comprising:—
Scalloped Pillow Cases, Sheets and Bed Quilts, Single and Double Plain and Hemstitched Sheets, Pillow Cases, White Satin Quilts, Table Cloths, Pure Linen Damask Serviettes, Bath Sheets, Bath Towels, Turkish Towels, Glass Cloths, &c., &c.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, July 4, 1918.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

ON

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TEARWOOD AND BLACKWOOD

FURNITURE, BRASS AND TEAK

TWIN BEDSTEPS, CURTAINS,

CARPETS, &c., &c.

AND AN ASSORTMENT OF

USEFUL HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

As follows:—
Arm-chairs and Chesterfield Sofas (new), Card Tables, Upholstered Suites, &c., Bedroom Furniture, comprising Double Brass and Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Bed and Trunk Bedsteads, Sideboards, Dinner Waggons, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, Tea and Occasional Tables, &c., Dinner Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, &c., Bath Room Utensils, Sundry Electro-Plated Ware.
Electric Reading Lamps, Blackwood and Teakwood Servants' Blackwood Furniture, including 22 Blackwood Scraps, Side Tables, Chairs, Cabinets, &c., Engravings, Pictures, Kinkoan and Brass Vases, &c., &c., Tennis Poles and Net, several Carpets new and second-hand.

Also

NEW TYPEWRITER (Ranice) and

ENAMELLED BATHS.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

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Auctioneers.

Hongkong, July 4, 1918.

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THE LEADING CHINESE POLITICAL AND

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No. 5, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG.

BRIDGE SCORERS

In Blocks of 50 SHEETS.

20 cents each

Four for One Dollar.

Obtainable at

THE CHINA MAIL LTD.,

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HONGKONG REGISTER.

Previous day at 5 p.m.

On date at 5 p.m.

On date at 5 p.m.

Barometer ... 29.71 ... 29.68 ... 29.65

Temperature ... 79 ... 79 ... 78

Humidity ... 79 ... 79 ... 78

Direction of Wind ... S.W. ... S.W. ... S.W.

Force ... 3 ... 3 ... 2

Weather ... 0 ... 0 ... 0

Rain ... 0.32 ... 0.00 ... 0.00

Highest temp. at 10 a.m. on the 3rd-5th

Lowest temp. at 10 p.m. on the 3rd-5th

T. F. CLARKE, Director.

Hongkong, Observatory July 4, 1918.

Temperature

Hongkong, July 3rd, 1918.

Barometer—9 A.M. ... 29.71

Do. ... 1 P.M. ... 29.70

Do. ... 4 P.M. ... 29.68

Thermometer—9 A.M. ... 79

Do. ... 1 P.M. ... 79

Do. ... 4 P.M. ... 78

Do. (Wet bulb) 9 A.M. ... 74

Do. (Wet bulb) 1 P.M. ... 74

Do. (Wet bulb) 4 P.M. ... 73

Do. Maximum ... 84

Do. Minimum (over night) ... 77

CUTICURA HEALS SKIN TROUBLES



The Soap to Cleanse Ointment to Heal

Nothing better, quicker, safer, surer at any price for skin troubles of young or old that itch, burn, crust, scale, torture or disfigure. Besides, you may try them before you buy them.

Sample Each Free by Post

With 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard: "F. Newbery & Sons, 27, Charterhouse Sq., London." Sold everywhere.

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HONGKONG MARKET PRICES.

Butcher Meat.

Beef Sirloin—Mol Long Pa ... lb. 24

Prime Cut ... lb. 24

Corned—Ham Ngau Yau ... lb. 23

Road—Shia ... lb. 24

Break—Ngau Nam ... lb. 20

Soap—Tong Yuk ... lb. 26

Steak—Tigau Yak Pa ... lb. 24

Steak Sirloin—Ngau Lan ... lb. 30

Sausages—Ngau Cheung ... lb. 26

Bullock's Brains—Ngau No per set ... lb. 10

Tongue, fresh—Ngau Li each ... lb. 60

Tongue, corned—Ham Ngau Li each ... lb. 60

Head—Ngau Tau ... each 100

Heart—Ngau Sam ... lb. 13

Hump—Ngau Kin ... lb. 20

Feet—Ngau Kank ... each 10

Kidneys—Ngau Yiu ... lb. 10

Tail—Ngau Mai ... lb. 20

Liver—Ngau Kou ... lb. 13

Tripe (addressed)—Ngau To lb. 6

Carve Head and Feet—Ngau Tai ... lb. 26

Mutton Chop—Yang Pei Kwai lb. 28